

**El Camino College
Schauerman Library**

A Brief Guide for Citing Sources in the MLA Style

December, 2013

- Begin the bibliography, or more properly the “works cited” list, on a separate sheet following the text of your paper but continuing the same pagination.
- Double-space the entire list.
- Entries are arranged alphabetically by the author’s last name or, in the case of anonymous works, by title.
- New entries begin at the left-hand margin with subsequent lines for the same entry indented one-half inch.
- *Italicize* the titles of books, periodicals, databases, and Web sites. Use “quotation marks” for the titles of periodical articles, essays, book chapters and Web pages.
- Finish the citation with the medium consulted (“Web” and “Print” are used for our examples, but “CD,” “Radio,” “Television,” and many others are possible).

This guide to citing resources in the MLA (Modern Language Association) style was adapted by librarians at the Schauerman Library, from the *MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers*, 7th ed. (2009), and gives examples of the most commonly used citations. For further or more complete information, please consult the “*Handbook*,” which is kept at the Reference Desk.

Books in General

To cite books by one author

Morrison, Jim. *The Lords and the New Creatures*. New York: Touchstone, 1971. Print.

The basic work cited entry includes author, title, and publication information. Take this information from the title page of the book itself, rather than from some secondary source, such as a library catalog. Basic publication information includes the city alone, but if the city is not well known (as well known as London, Tokyo, and New York, for example), include an abbreviation for country, state, or province. Publisher information is reduced to the absolute minimum: Touchstone Press on the title page becomes Touchstone; University Press becomes UP; Vintage Books becomes Vintage. Finish the citation with the medium of publication, in this case “Print.”

By two or three authors

McCrum, Robert, William Cram, and Robert MacNeil. *The Story of English*. 3rd ed.

London: Faber and Faber, 2002. Print.

The lead author’s name alone is reversed for alphabetizing; second and third authors’ names revert to the normal order and are not alphabetized within the citation, but are listed in the order they appear on the title page. Unless otherwise stated, assume the book is a first edition. If a later edition is specified on the title page, include the information after the title of the book.

More than three authors

Chu, Clara, et al. *Internet Multicultural Resources*. Huntington Park, CA: South State Cooperative Lib. System, 1997. Print.

The lead author alone is identified by name; coauthors are reduced to the status "et al," an abbreviation for the Latin "et alia," meaning "and others." You may, however, list all the authors in full as they appear on the title page.

Two or more books by the same author

Cisneros, Sandra. *The House on Mango Street*. New York: Vintage, 1991. Print.

- - -. *My Wicked, Wicked Ways*. Bloomington, IN: Third Woman, 1987. Print.

Give the author's name for the first publication only. For other works, type three hyphens in place of the name, followed by a period, and the title.

By a group or a corporate author

Los Angeles Olympic Organizing Committee. *Official Olympic Souvenir Program: Games of the XXIIIrd Olympiad*. Los Angeles: The Committee, 1984. Print.

Anonymous publication

Camping on the Coast without a Permit. Santa Barbara, CA: Home Grown, 1972. Print.

For anonymous publications, begin your citation with the title and alphabetize the work in your bibliography by title, rather than author.

Book with an author and editor or translator

Bronte, Emily. *Wuthering Heights*. 1847. Ed. David Daiches. London: Penguin, 1985. Print.

Homer. *The Odyssey*. Trans. T.E. Lawrence. London: Oxford UP, 1972. Print.

Poem, short story, chapter, or other work in an anthology

Johnston, Mary. "The Merrimac and the Monitor." *Men at War*. Ed. Ernest Hemingway. New York: Crown, 1942. 493-502. Print.

In addition to the basic book publication information, include the author and title of the work cited, the editor or translator of the collection, and the inclusive pages for the work.

Government publication

United States. Dept. of Labor. *Occupational Outlook Handbook: 2012-2013 Edition*.

Washington: GPO, 2012. Print.

If the publication is anonymous, cite the responsible government agency. If the document has an author, the citation may begin with either the author's name or the agency.

Critical essay reprinted in a collection

Stone, Laurie. "Personal Best: What's New in Towne." *Village Voice* 11 Mar. 1982: 52-53. Rpt. in *Contemporary Literary Criticism*. Ed. Christopher Giroux. Vol. 87. Detroit: Gale, 1995. 366-369. Print.

To cite an essay in a collection that has been previously published elsewhere, give the earlier publication information followed by "Rpt. in" (meaning "Reprinted in"). Always cite the source you are using; do not pretend you saw the article in the original publication.

Work from a Taking Sides book

Example of an article/essay previously published; title of article/essay unchanged

Roche, John P. "The Founding Fathers: A Reform Caucus in Action." *American Political Science Review* 55.4 (1961). Rpt. in *Taking Sides: Clashing Views in United States History, Volume 1, the Colonial Period to Reconstruction*. 13th ed. Ed. Larry Madaras and James M. SoRelle. Boston: McGraw, 2009. 114-125. Print. Taking Sides Ser.

Since the Taking Sides books are primarily collections of articles or essays that were originally published in other sources such as journals or books, it is necessary to indicate that an article/essay is reprinted in ("Rpt. in") a specific Taking Sides title. Information on the original source should also be included, and it can be found usually footnoted at the beginning of the article/essay. In this case, the original title was not changed. (If the original title was changed, use the Opposing Viewpoints example below to guide you.) Add the editor(s), publication information, the page numbers of the article, medium of publication, and series title, followed by "Ser." if "Series" is part of the name.

Work from an Opposing Viewpoints book

Example of an article/essay previously published; title of article/essay changed

Harrison, Mark. "Privatizing Education Would Be Beneficial." *Education*. Ed. David Haugen and Susan Musser. Detroit: Greenhaven, 2009. 82-91. Print. Opposing Viewpoints Ser. Rpt. of "Public Problems, Private Solutions: School Choice and Its Consequences." *Cato Journal* 25 (2005): 203-212.

The Opposing Viewpoints books, like the Taking Sides books, are primarily collections. In the example given above, the title of the previously published article changed when it was included in the Opposing Viewpoints book. In this case, first indicate the new title and publication facts, followed by "Rpt. of" ("Reprint of"), the original title, and the original publication facts.

Reference Works

An anonymous article

"Azimuthal Equidistant Projection." *Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary*. 11th ed. 2003. Print.

For standard reference works reappearing often in new editions, include only the edition and year of publication.

An article in a reference work, signed

Honderich, Ted. "Determinism and Freedom." *Encyclopedia of Philosophy*. Ed. Donald M. Borchert. Vol. 3. Detroit: Thomson Gale, 2006. Print.

For less familiar reference works, give complete publication information.

Periodical Literature (Newspapers, Magazines, Scholarly Journals)

An article in a newspaper

Littlejohn, Donna. "Incumbents Have Early Lead in RPV." *Daily Breeze* [Torrance] 6 Nov. 2013: A4. Print.

*When citing a newspaper, give the name in italics as it appears on the masthead, omitting any introductory articles ("a," "the"). If a local paper does not include the city of publication in its title, supply this information in brackets: for example, *Daily Breeze* [Torrance].*

An article in a magazine

Poniewozik, James. "A Modern Jurassic Family: Discovery's Digital Dinos Mix Fact and Guesswork." *Time* 17 Apr. 2000: 80. Print.

If an article continues on consecutive pages, show the range after the colon, e.g. 80-5. If a multi-page article is not printed on consecutive pages, include the first page and a plus sign, e.g. 80+.

An article in a scholarly journal

Caesar, Judith. "Murakami and the Inklings." *Explicator* 67.1 (2008): 26-30. Print.

Include the journal title in italics, the volume number and issue number (if available) and year (in parentheses), a colon, and the page numbers. In our example, 67.1 is the first issue of the 67th volume.

Documents from a Subscription Service/Database

If you are citing a periodical article, begin the entry by citing the article as you would a newspaper, magazine, or journal entry in print. If pagination is not available, use "n. pag." (See the *ProQuest* example.) Conclude your citation with these three elements: title of the database in italics, medium of publication (Web) and date of access (day, month, and year).

If you are citing a nonperiodical document, record the following information in sequence:

1. Title of the document in quotation marks
2. Title of the original publication source italicized (for example, if the nonperiodical work you are citing also appeared in print, as with an *Encyclopedia Britannica* entry)
3. Date of publication (if the nonperiodical work you are citing also appeared in print)
4. Title of the database italicized
5. Medium of publication (Web)
6. Date accessed (day, month, and year)

Examples of citations on the following pages are for databases available through El Camino College.

Alt HealthWatch

Shulman, Laina. "Hydrate and Rejuvenate." *Alive: Canadian Journal of Health* May 2008: 68-69.
Alt HealthWatch. Web. 9 Oct. 2008.

American History and Life with Full Text

Andrews, Stuart. "Tom Paine in France." *History Today* 33.8 (1983): 5-11. *American History and Life*. Web. 1 Oct. 2013.

Book Index with Reviews

Flanagan, Margaret. Rev. of *The Fort: A Novel of the Revolutionary War*, by Bernard Cornwell.
Booklist 1 July 2010: n.page. *Book Index with Reviews*. Web. 3 Oct. 2013.

Britannica Online Academic Edition

"Mauna Kea." *Encyclopædia Britannica*. 2008. [*Encyclopædia*] *Britannica Online Academic Edition*. Web. 1 Oct. 2008.

Business Source Premier

Nelson, Teresa and Laurie L. Levesque. "The Status of Women in Corporate Governance in High-Growth, High-Potential Firms." *Entrepreneurship: Theory & Practice* 31.2 (2007): 209-32. *Business Source Premier*. Web. 30 Sept. 2008.

CINAHL Complete

Goldsborough, Reid. "Texting as Social Regress." *Today's Dietician* 15 Aug. 2013: 55. *CINAHL Complete*. Web. 27 Sept. 2013.

Consumer Health Complete

Litton, Paul. "Physician Participation in Executions, the Morality of Capital Punishment, and the Practical Implications of Their Relationship." *Journal of Law, Medicine & Ethics* 41.1 (2013): 333-352. *Consumer Health Complete*. Web. 27 Sept. 2013.

CountryWatch

"Country Review: Australia." *CountryWatch* 2005. *CountryWatch*. Web. 5 Sept. 2005.

CQ Researcher

Billitteri, Thomas J. "Afghanistan Dilemma." *CQ Researcher* 7 Aug. 2009: 669-692. *CQ Researcher Online*. Web. 2 Sept. 2009.

Credo Reference

"Snow, John." *The Hutchinson Encyclopedia*. Abington: Helicon, 2013. *Credo Reference*. Web. 27 Sept. 2013.

(EBSCOhost) Academic Search Premier

Alkalay-Gut, Karen. "Literary Dialogues: Rock and Victorian Poetry." *Poetics Today* 21.1 (2000): 33-60. *Academic Search Premier*. Web. 9 Oct. 2008.

(EBSCOhost) MasterFILE Premier

Karlggaard, Rich. "Our Health Care Crisis: Age, Obesity, Lawyers." *Forbes* 7 Sept. 2009: 19. *MasterFILE Premier*. Web. 12 Sept. 2009.

ERIC

Corral, Will H. and Daphne Patai. "An End to Foreign Languages, An End to Liberal Arts." *Chronicle of Higher Education* June 2008: A30. *ERIC*. Web. 9 Oct. 2008.

Ethnic NewsWatch

Chesanow, David. "Leading the Way: Asian American Artists of the Older Generation." *International Examiner* 15 May 2001: 22. *Ethnic NewsWatch*. Web. 11 Oct. 2001.

Funk & Wagnalls New World Encyclopedia

"Sierra Nevada." [n.d.] *Funk & Wagnalls New World Encyclopedia*. Web. 14 Oct. 2008.

Gale Literary Databases

"Gabriel Garcia Marquez." *Contemporary Authors Online*. 14 Dec. 2007. *Gale Literary Databases*. Web. 23 Nov. 2009.

GreenFILE

Magdoff, Fred. "The Political Economy and Ecology of Biofuels." *Monthly Review: An Independent Socialist Magazine* July-Aug. 2008: 34-50. *GreenFILE*. Web. 8 Oct. 2008.

Health and Wellness Resource Center

Davidson, Tish and Margaret Alic. "Childhood Obesity." *The Gale Encyclopedia of Children's Health*. Ed. Jacqueline L. Longe. 2nd ed. Detroit: Gale, 2011. *Health and Wellness Resource Center*. Web. 22 Oct. 2013.

Health Reference Center: Academic

Tenore, Josie L. "Challenges in Eating Disorders: Past and Present." *American Family Physician* 64 (2001): 367. *Health Reference Center*. Web. 17 Oct. 2002.

Health Source: Consumer Edition

Weider, Joe. "Turning Back the Clock." *Joe Weider's Muscle & Fitness* June 2002: 22. *Health Source: Consumer Edition*. Web. 27 Sept. 2002.

Health Source: Nursing/Academic Edition

Rubin, Peter. "When Medical Students Go Off the Rails." *BMJ: British Medical Journal* 325 (2002): 556. *Health Source: Nursing/Academic Edition*. Web. 4 Oct. 2002.

Issues and Controversies

"Would Legalizing Marijuana Prolong or End Mexico's Drug Wars?" *Issues and Controversies* 25 Apr. 2011. *Issues and Controversies*. Web. 22 Oct. 2013.

JSTOR Arts and Sciences

Levine, George. "Frankenstein and the Tradition of Realism." *NOVEL: A Forum on Fiction* 7.1 (1973): 14-30. *JSTOR*. Web. 2 Oct. 2008.

Literature Resource Center

Cardwell, Sarah. "Jane Austen on Screen." *The Modern Language Review* 100.3 (2005): 793. *Literature Resource Center*. Web. 7 Oct. 2008.

Literature Criticism Online

"Lawrence Ferlinghetti." *Poetry Criticism*. Ed. Robyn V. Young. Vol. 1. Detroit: Gale, 1991. *Literature Criticism Online*. Web. 30 Sept. 2013.

MEDLINE

Ahmadiéh, H. and A. Arabi. "Vitamins and Bone Health: Beyond Calcium and Vitamin D." *Nutrition Reviews* 69.10 (2011): 584-98. *Medline*. Web. 30 Sept. 2013.

Newspaper Source Plus

Herndon, Jessica. "100-Mule Procession Headed to Los Angeles." *AP Regional State Report-California* 20 Oct. 2013. *Newspaper Source Plus*. Web. 30 Oct. 2013.

Opposing Viewpoints in Context

Littlejohn, Richard. "Political Correctness Reduces Racial Profiling at British Airports." *Racial Profiling*. Ed. Carol Ullmann and Lynn M. Zott. Detroit: Greenhaven Press, 2013. *Opposing Viewpoints*. Rpt. of "How to Avoid Airport Security: Wear a Burka." *MailOnline*. 2012. *Opposing Viewpoints In Context*. Web. 2 Oct. 2013.

Professional Development Collection

Hiser, Krist. "Taking Faculty Development Online." *Diverse: Issues in Higher Education* 25.14 (2008): 19. *Professional Development Collection*. Web. 7 Oct. 2008.

ProQuest National Newspapers Core

Esterl, Mike. "Big Tobacco Moves in on E-Cigarettes." *Wall Street Journal* 20 Nov. 2013, Eastern ed.: n. pag. *ProQuest National Newspapers Core*. Web. 3 Dec. 2013.

Psychology and Behavioral Science Collection

Schredl, Michael and Daniel Erlacher. "Self-Reported Effects of Dreams on Waking-Life Creativity: An Empirical Study." *Journal of Psychology* 141.1 (2007): 35-46. *Psychology and Behavioral Science Collection*. Web. 7 Oct. 2008.

Regional Business News

Cruz, Sherri. "Fashion Island Lands County's First Pinkberry Store." *Orange County Business Journal* 24 Sept. 2007: 27. *Regional Business News*. Web. 19 Feb. 2009.

Religion and Philosophy Collection

Shenk, Joshua Wolf. "America's Altered States." *Harper's Magazine* May 1999: 38+. *Religion and Philosophy Collection*. Web. 7 Oct. 2008.

Salem Literature

Yearly, Clifton K. "The Big Sleep." *Masterplots*. Ed. Laurence W. Mazzeno. Pasadena, CA: Salem Press, 2011. *Salem Literature*. Web. 3 Oct. 2013.

Science

Beroza, Gregory C. and Satoshi Ide. "Deep Tremors and Slow Quakes." *Science* 22 May 2009: 1025-1026. *Science*. Web. 2 June 2009.

Today's Science

"The Strange Chemistry of Jupiter's Moons." *Today's Science* Oct. 2001. *Today's Science*. Web. 21 Dec. 2001.

Vocational Studies Premier

Adler, Jerry. "The Nurse Will See You Now." *Newsweek* 9 Mar. 2009: 16. *Vocational Studies Premier*. Web. 3 Oct. 2013.

WestlawNext Campus Research

Shelby County v. Holder. 133 Supreme Court Reporter 2612. Supreme Court of the US. 2013.

WestlawNext Campus Research. Web. 17 Oct. 2013.

To cite a court case, include the name of the first plaintiff, the first defendant, the volume, name (not italicized) and page numbers of the law report cited, the name of the court that decided the case, and the year of the decision, along with the database information. (Court cases are italicized in the text of a research paper, but not in the works cited list.)

Other Web Resources

To cite a source from the Web, include as much of the following information as is available:

1. Name of the author/editor of a source such as a Web page or document, and if appropriate, followed by an abbreviation such as *ed.* for editor.
2. Title of the page or document in quotation marks; title of an online book or name of an entire Internet site in italics.
3. Title of the overall Web site in italics, if distinct from above.
4. Any version or edition numbers available.
5. Publisher or sponsor of site. If this is not available, use "N.p."
6. Date of posting/publication. If nothing is available, use "n.d."
7. Medium of publication. (Web).
8. The date of access/your visit to the site (day, month, year).
9. Include the URL in angle brackets only if the document cannot be found without it, or if your instructor requires it.

1) Basic format for a page on a Web site

Last name, first name of author. "Title of document." *Name of Web site*. Name of organization associated with the site (sometimes found by clicking on a link leading to information on another page), date of posting. Medium of publication (Web). Date you accessed the site.

Example:

Nails, Debra. "Socrates." *Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy*. Center for the Study of Lang. and Info. Stanford U, 16 Sept. 2005. Web. 27 May 2009.

2) Basic format for an entire Web site

Name of the site. Editor if available. Name of organization associated with the site, date of posting. Medium of publication. Date you accessed the site.

Example:

Si, Spain. Ed. Jose Felix Barrio. Vers. 3.0. Embassy of Spain, Ottawa, May 2003. Web. 27 May 2009.

3) Basic format for an online government publication

Name of the government. Name of government agency. *Publication title*. Name of the author if known, preceded by the word "By." Date of posting. Medium of publication. Date of access.

Example:

United States. Dept. of Justice. Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. *Law Enforcement and Juvenile Crime*. By Howard N. Snyder. Dec. 2001. Web. 29 June 2002.

4) Basic format for an online magazine or newspaper, not associated with a database

Author's last name, first name. "Title of the article." *Title of the overall Web site version or edition used*. Name of publisher or sponsor and date of posting. Medium. Date retrieved.

Example:

Weisman, Jonathan. "Troubled Start for Health Law Has Democrats Feeling Anxious." *New York Times*. New York Times, 31 Oct. 2013. Web. 1 Nov. 2013.

5) Basic format for an eBook

Author's last name, first name. *Title of the book*. Place of publication: publisher, date of publication. Type of electronic file, such as PDF file, ePUB file, Kindle file.

Example for all eBooks in the Library catalog:

Holmes, Mary. *Gender and Everyday Life*. London: Routledge, 2009. PDF file.

According to the MLA Handbook, begin the entry for a work formatted for reading electronically as you would for a comparable printed work and end it with a designation of the medium of publication. If you cannot identify the file type, use "Digital file."

6) Online Video including YouTube Videos

While the MLA Handbook does not specifically address how to cite a YouTube video, an editor of the MLA Handbook provided the following guidelines.

Self-Contained Video

Director's or producer's or performer's last name, first name. *Title of Video*. Production company name, date produced. *Name of the Web site*. Web. Date retrieved.

A citation for a video that includes information such as the title, the filmmaker, etc. in the video itself is covered in section 5.6.2d and 5.7.3 of the MLA Handbook. You may begin the citation with the name of the film, or the director, or the producer, or even a performer, depending on what aspect of the film you are emphasizing.

Example:

Kaku, Michio, dir. *The World in 2030: How Science will Affect Computers, Medicine, Jobs, Our Lifestyles and the Wealth of Our Nations*. CUNY Queensborough Community College, 2009. *YouTube*. Web. 6 Nov. 2013.

Informal Video Clip

Creator's last name, first name. "Title of Clip." *Name of the Web site*. Publisher or sponsor of the site, date of posting. Web. Date retrieved.

An informal video clip made by the person who posted it may be treated as a Web page. If a video clip has no identified creator—the person who posted it did not create it—the entry would start with the title of the clip in quotation marks, but otherwise follow this same format.

Example:

Stefanu, Vic. "Protest about Congo by the Congolese People, London, England." *YouTube*.
YouTube, 4 Dec. 2011. Web. 5 Dec. 2011.

7) Radio Program on the Web

Last name, first name of director or producer, "Title of Broadcast Segment." *Name of Program*.
Name of Publisher or Sponsor, date of posting. Medium. Date retrieved.

Example:

Kahn, Carrie. "L.A. Returns Water to the Owens Valley." *National Public Radio*. Natl Public Radio, 7
Dec. 2006. Web. 31 Oct. 2013.